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|  | **Autumn 1**  | **Autumn 2**  | **Spring 1**  | **Spring 2**  | **Summer 1**  | **Summer 2**  |
| **Year 12****(T1)****(3)** | **Memory**Coding, capacity, duration MSM Types of LTM Assessment and Feedback WMM  | **Memory**Interference Retrieval failure Assessment and Feedback Misleading info Anxiety Cognitive Interview Revision Assessment and Feedback  | **Research Methods**Experimental method Control of variables Experimental design Types of experiment Assessment and feedback  | **Research Methods**Sampling Ethical issues Pilot studies Observational techniques Observational design Assessment and Feedback   | **Research Methods**Self-report techniques  Self report design  Correlations  Data analysis – Kinds of Data Assessment and Feedback  | **Research Methods**Descriptive statistics  Graphs  Mathematical content  Sign-test  Assessment and feedback  |
| **Year 12****(T2)****(6)** | **Approaches**OriginsBehaviouralSLT Cognitive Assessment and Feedback Biological approach Biopsychology Assessment and Feedback  | **Approaches**Psychodynamic approach Humanistic approach  Revision Assessment and Feedback**Social Influence**Types and explanations Asch’s research  Zimbardo’s research  Milgram’s research  Assessment and Feedback  | **Social Influence**Situational variables  Agentic state Authoritarian personality Assessment and Feedback Resistance to social influence Minority influence Social change RevisionAssessment and feedback**Attachment**Introduction to attachment Stages of attachment | **Attachment** Animal studies  Learning theory  Bowlby’s theory  Assessment and Feedback Strange situation  Cultural variations  Maternal deprivation  Assessment and feedback Effects of Institutionalisation  Later relationships Revision Assessment and Feedback  | **Psychopathology**Definitions of abnormalityAssessment and feedbackPhobias (characteristics, explanations and treatments)Assessment and feedback | **Psychopathology**OCD (characteristics, explanations and treatments)Assessment and feedbackDepression (characteristics, explanations and treatments)Assessment and feedback |
| **Year 13****(T1)****(5)** | **Biopsychology**Year 1 revisionLocalisation of Function in the brainPlasticity and Functional recoverySplit brain researchWays of investigating the brainAssessment and FeedbackCircadian Rhythms | **Biopsychology**Infradian and UltradianEndogenous and ExogenousRevisionAssessment and Feedback**Forensics**Top down approachBottom up approachAtavistic FormGenetic and Neural | **Forensics**Eysenck’s theoryCognitive explanationsAssessment and FeedbackDifferential associationPsychodynamic approachCustodial sentencingBehavioural modificationAnger managementRestorative justiceAssessment and Feedback | **Schizophrenia**Diagnosis and classificationAssessment and FeedbackBiological explanationsBiological treatmentsPsychological explanations | **Schizophrenia**Psychological treatmentsInteractionist approach**Gender**Sex and GenderAndrogynyRole of chromosomes/hormonesAtypical sex chromosomesAssessment and FeedbackKohlberg | **Revision** |
| **Year 13****(T2)****(4)** | **Attachment****Research Methods**Year 1 revisionCorrelationsCase studies | **Research Methods** Content analysisReliabilityValidityAssessment and FeedbackChoosing a stat testProb and SignSign testTests of differenceTests of correlation | **Research Methods**Test of associationAssessment and FeedbackReportingFeatures of scienceExtended questionsAssessment and Feedback**Issues and debates**Gender BiasCulture BiasFree Will and DeterminismAssessment and Feedback | **Issues and** **Debates**Nature-NurtureHolism and ReductionismIdiographic and nomotheticEthical implicationsComparing approachesAssessment and feedback**Gender**Gender schemaAssessment and Feedback | **Gender**SLTCulture and mediaAssessment and feedbackAtypical gender developmentRevisionAssessment and Feedback | **Revision** |